

## Personal Protection 10 + 4 Rule Example

The example below is given on the assumptions that:-

- a) The employee's post is regraded to, or merged with, a lower grade with effect from 01/02/2020.
- b) The maximum of the Pay Scale as at 01/04/2030 is £31,032.
- c) The maximum of the obsolete Pay Scale as at 01/04/2030 is £34,798.
- d) The date of the annual pay award will be the 1st April.
- e) The pay awards over the following 4 years will be at 2%.
- f) The equal installments will be:-
  - 20% in year 11
  - 25% in year 12
  - 33.3% in year 13
  - 50% in year 14
  - Remainder in year 15

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### 11<sup>th</sup> year of pay protection (1/2/2030)

Pay (Protected)

Pay Scale

£34,798

£31,032

£34,798 – £31,032 = £3,766 difference between obsolete pay scale and new pay scale

£3,766 x 20% = £753 reduce difference by equal instalment

£34,798 – £753 = **£34,045** rate of pay

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### 12<sup>th</sup> year of pay protection (1/2/2031)

Pay (Protected)

Pay Scale

£34,045 + 2% (pay award) = £34,726

£31,032 + 2% (pay award) = £31,653

£34,726 – £31,653 = £3,073

£3,073 x 25% = £768

£34,726 – £768 = **£33,958**

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### 13<sup>th</sup> year of pay protection (1/2/2032)

Pay (Protected)

Pay Scale

£33,958 + 2% = £34,637

£31,653 + 2% = £32,286

£34,637 – £32,286 = £2,351

£2,351 x 33.3% = £783

£34,637 – £783 = **£33,854**

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### **14<sup>th</sup> year of pay protection (1/2/2033)**

#### Pay (Protected)

$$£33,854 + 2\% = £34,531$$

$$£34,531 - £32,932 = £1,599$$

$$£1,599 \times 50\% = £800$$

$$£34,531 - £800 = \mathbf{£33,731}$$
 rate of pay

#### Pay Scale

$$£32,286 + 2\% = £32,932$$

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### **15<sup>th</sup> year pay protection ends (1/2/2034)**

#### Pay

$$£33,731 + 2\% = £34,406$$

$$£34,406 - £33,591 = £815$$

$$£34,406 - £815 = \mathbf{£33,591}$$
 rate of pay

#### Pay Scale

$$£32,932 + 2\% = £33,591$$

Note: Figures have been rounded to the nearest pound.